

Keywords

Natural increase
Birth rate
Death rate
Migration
Megacity
Push factor
Pull factor
Malthusian theory
Cornucopian
theory
Demand
Supply
Water security
Food security
Commercial

- Agriculture
- Irrigation
- Fertiliser
- Deforestation
- Soil erosion
- Fuelwood
- Education
- Sterilisation
- One child policy
- Afforestation
- Life expectancy
- Resource
- Vegetation
- Population
- Wealth
- Development
- Poverty
- Deprivation
- Mechanisation
- Desertification
- Overgrazing

Important information

Image 1 – Global population distribution - The majority of the world's population is in Asia with the two largest populations being China and India. The most densely populated areas are near the coast. The population is sparse in areas of extreme weather

Image 2 – The green revolution - Farming techniques are advancing to help humans meet food demand for an ever-increasing population, fertiliser, herbicides, pesticides and machinery is all advancing. Some people may prefer organic food to reduce the consumption of chemicals

Image 3 – The Thar desert (desertification) – The Rajasthan region of the Thar Desert provides several opportunities (farming, mining, tourism, energy) and challenges (extreme temperature, lack of rainfall). Despite these areas being difficult to live, residents have found ways to live and prosper.

Image 4 – Mexico migration – The Mexico – USA crossing is the busiest migration crossing in the world. Many people are leaving Mexico in search of better quality of life.

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