

Geography Knowledge Organiser AP2:

Population – Yr8

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A	Population	The number of people
	Birth rate	This is the number of live births per year per thousand people.
	Death rate	This is the number of deaths per year per thousand people.
B	Life expectancy	How long a person on average lives for
	Migration	Moving from place to another
	Megacity	A city with over 10 million people living there
C	Push and pull factors	Push factors are those which force a person to move. This can include drought, famine, lack of jobs, overpopulation and civil war. Pull factors are those which encourage a person to move. These include a chance at a better job, better education, and a better standard of living.
	Sanitation	the process of keeping places free from dirt, infection, disease, etc., by removing waste, trash and garbage, by cleaning streets, etc. Diseases can spread from poor sanitation.
	Rural-urban migration	Moving from a countryside to towns or cities
D	Population density	How many people are living in a certain space or area
	Densely / sparsely	Densely = more people in a smaller area / sparsely = more people are spread out over a large area
	Malthusian theory	The Malthusian theory explained that the human population grows more rapidly than the food supply until famines, war or disease reduces the population.
E	Water security	Having access to safe reliable water sources
	Cornucopian theory	Theory asserting environmental problems caused by a growing global population will be solved by human ingenuity and technological innovation.
	Green revolution	The green revolution is the increase in agricultural production that has been made possible by the use of new types of crops and new farming methods, especially in developing countries.

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F	Agriculture	Agriculture is the practice of cultivating plants and animals for human use.
	Irrigation	Irrigation is the artificial supply of water to agricultural land.
	Food demand	Demand for food is growing because of population growth and economic development.
G	Desertification	The process of an area turning into a desert
	Over grazing	Too much livestock in a certain area means the land is unable to recover its vegetation
	Drought	A period when an area or region experiences below-normal precipitation.
H	Settlements	A place where people live
	Climate	The average weather and temperature of an area
	Biomes	Large areas of similar climate
I	Quality of life	refers to the wellbeing of individuals or groups of people. Instead of measuring the amount of money that people have, it refers to where people live and whether they are healthy and happy.
	Poverty	Not being able to afford basic needs
	Literacy rate	How many adults can read write
J	Contraception	Contraception is the act of preventing pregnancy.
	One child policy	The one-child policy was a program in China that limited most Chinese families to one child each. It was implemented nationwide by the Chinese government
	Sterilization	a process or act that renders an individual incapable of sexual reproduction